

THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

VOLUME XX No. 14

EMPRESS, ALTA., THURSDAY, Sept. 1st, 1932

Price: \$2.00 Per Year.

United Church

Express:

Sunday School, 10:30 a.m.
Public Worship, 11:30 a.m.
Leland, 3 p.m.
Social Plains, 7:30 p.m.
Come and worship with us

Rev. Geo. A. Shields,
Minister.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Stouley and family, made a trip to Medicine Hat, by car, Saturday

Almost two-thirds of the people of Greece secure their livelihood from the land.

A number of our citizens were busy peering through pieces of smoked glass, observing the partial eclipse of the sun, Wednesday noon.

George McDonald, Son of Mrs. Ab. McKenzie, Passes On

The death took place on Tuesday, August 30, of George Harris McDonald, son of Mrs. Ab. McKenzie. Deceased was 24 years of age, and his home was in Baltimore. On account of failing health he came west to live with his mother, in an endeavor to recuperate. The funeral was held today at 2:00 o'clock, services conducted by Rev. Geo. Shields at the United Church.

Miss Betty Duff who has been spending the summer holidays at her home here, left today on her return trip, to resume her teaching duties south of Hanna.

Richard Kent To Show Here, Monday, Sept. 5

On Monday evening, September 5, the Richard Kent Co. will present in the Empress theatre, a melodrama entitled, "The Swede and the Flapper." The action of the play takes place in Saskatoon and the play is said to contain lots of pep. Vaudeville between acts. Prices, 50c, and 25c.

Departmental Exams.

General results achieved locally in Departmental Examinations are as follows:
No. of units written, 248
Number of units written that were not taught through the school year, 34
No. of units passed, 143
Percentage, 142 :- 208 is 100, equals 70 p.c.

R.M. Mantario No. 262

Reeve Walker and Cns. for Divs. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6, present at 10 a.m., Pool Hall, Mantario. Minutes of previous meeting and of special meeting of July 26 and August 4th, were read and confirmed on motion of Cn. Hawtin.

Committee—Kinch and Rowles re cattle assigned by J. A. Ayres. Reported the cattle sold for \$70 and paid in the amount. Hawtin—That on reinspection report submitted, the assessment of C. Westenberg in respect of S.W. 16.20 19 w3, be reduced to \$350.

Kinch—That amount realized from sale of cattle be applied on arrears of taxes, less amount to release from the pound and witness fees of complainant.

Dahl—That motion of July 11th, No. 15, be amended to read 1928 instead of 1928.

Dahl—That blocks 31, 42, 43 in the Mantario cemetery be reserved for persons unable to pay for burial.

That account of B. Frey be adjusted as caretaker of the Mantario cemetery by the caretaker making collection for the graves owned and paying same into the municipal office, a cheque to be then issued to him for the amount during which he has acted as caretaker at the rate of \$15 per annum.

Dahl—That authority be and is hereby given to detain for arrears of taxes upon the goods and chattels, including thresh and grain and standing crops in respect of the owners and occupants of the land mentioned in the list inserted in the minute book and authenticated by the signature of the Reeve; And authority is hereby given to the Reeve and (or) the Secretary-Treasurer of the Rural Municipality of Mantario No. 262 to issue the required warrant to the Tax Collector and Bailiff of the said Municipality for the said amounts and the several occupants of the said lands respectively; And this shall be their (his) sufficient authority for so doing.—Carried over.

Walker—That estimates for Amble and Craiglands SD be passed.

I.O.D.E. Open Meeting

September marks the first meeting of the fall term of the I.O.D.E. Chapter of the I.O.D.E. Mrs. D. McEachern will be hostess at her home on Tues. Sept. 6th, at 3 p.m., particularly. The Regent, Mrs. Mac. Thorsen, requests that each lady bring a copy of her favorite food recipe. Mrs. Kelley will give a summary of the work of the British Empire Economic Conference.

Montgomery—Re account Alaska hospital referred back. That half this account be paid in respect of the patient and infant.

Hawtin—That in the event of default of crops the municipal liability hereby agree to exempt from the seizure sufficient to pay for any lumber taken advanced by banks, loan companies or merchants on credit.

Kinch—Cost to be imposed—Where ratepayer requests seizure in order to enable him to pay his taxes; distraint fee \$1.00.

Where collector finds it necessary to detain and co-operation is given him by acting as assistant and waiving notice of sale of goods. Distraint fees, \$1.00 and 3 p.c. on amount realized. Where collector finds it necessary to detain and resistance is offered, the full legal charges will apply.—Carried over.

Walker—That taxes on N.E. 24.25 29 and S.E. 24.20 29 w3 reserved Crown be assessed and charged back to respective accounts.

Walker—That resolution of meeting No. 4, of July 25th, be amended, making all payments due to the collector.

Rowles—Relief: That accounts rendered by Nellie Smith on account of same being refused by the Relief Commission be paid.

Accounts examined by finance committee and passed for payment.

Bekin and Naimark, Div. 2, J. Klippert, roads, Div. 2, 5; 25; G. L. May, Div. 4; roads maintenance, 16 00; Sec. Treas. postage, 19 95; O. K. Rubber Stamp Co., 2 30; West. Man. News, stationery, 13 50; Sec. Treas. exp. R. Quinn, ass't, 40 00; Collector's fees re preliminary survey, 98 00; Do re change of date of meeting, 2 00; Empress Lumber Yards, cemetery notice, 27 45; U. Brown, Willard, do labour, 16 50; Corlies Ellis, roads, Div. 6, 9 80; J. Adams, do, 7 35; J. R. Stead, roads, Div. 5, 14 25; Alaska hospital, 110 75; Empress hospital, 17 50; A. Matthews, roads, Div. 4, 13 00; O. M. Leach, roads, Div. 3, 5 85; Roads, Div.

Prov. Issues New Road Map

We received this week a copy of the new official road map of Alberta issued by the provincial publicity department. Motor routes and scenes of interest throughout the province, such as parks, etc. are clearly marked. On the back of the map is contained information of the province and its resources, etc. The map which is printed on bond paper, is a desirable one for the motorist and is priced at 80c.

3. pay sheet, \$7.00; Nellie Smith, grasshopper bait, 5.50; Mantario phone, 6.38. Total, \$321.63.

Kinch—That these accounts be paid.

Kinch—That indemnity fees be paid at this meeting.

Kinch—That the Secretary be and is hereby authorized to issue a cheque to the Tax Collector, on account of mileage due, when required, not to exceed \$15.00.

Hawtin—That we continue our efforts to obtain the abolition of the Public Revenue and Wild Lands Taxes, by bringing before the 1933 Convention of Rural Municipalities the same resolution it unanimously approved at its 1932 Convention.

Walker—That we request delivery of thirty days to meet debtors payment due Sept. 1st.

Walker—That we advise the Relief Commission that notices should be sent to the elevators in Empress and Arneson, Alta., as otherwise ratepayers may lose the privilege of the repayment of relief advances at pegged prices or of seed grain by returning bushel for bushel by delivering to Alberta pools.

St. Mary the Virgin (Anglican Church)

15th Sunday after Trinity, 10 a.m. Sunday School.

11 a.m., Estuary School, morning service.
3 p.m., Anglican School, Evening song and Sermon.
7.30 p.m., Lovers, Evening song and Sermon.

Rev. J. P. Horne.

Breaks Neck When Diving

William Halliday, well-known Drumbeller resident, died instantly, on Thursday, August 25, when he broke his neck while diving in the Red Deer river. Mr. Halliday was swimming and diving with a number of other young people, and while making a dive off a rock, he slipped and went into shallow water, breaking his neck.

Roger W. Babson, American stationer, tells the Halifax N.S. Board of Trade that business conditions will be back to normal by 1934. A decided turn may come at any time, but our loadings and building permits do not justify the recent rise in the stock market. The cyclical slump can be permanently eliminated only by a moral awakening. What Mr. Babson means is that people will have to give up one of their persistent fallacies—that they ever did or ever can get something for nothing.—Science Monitor.

The meeting adjourned at 11:15 p.m., to meet again on Monday, Sept. 12th, at the usual hour at Cuthbert. C. Evans Sargent, Sec. Treas.

The Alberta Pacific Grain Company Ltd.



COMMENCING business in the North-West Territories in 1901—four years prior to the formation of the Province of Alberta—The Alberta Pacific Grain Company, and predecessor Companies, carries in its records a long line of service to the farmers of Alberta.

ALBERTA Grain Company, Limited, under the able management of John I. McFarland, commenced business in 1901. Total production of wheat in Western Canada in that year had reached less than 65,000,000 bushels. Under Mr. McFarland's policy of fair dealing with all farmers, the growth of his company kept pace with increasing wheat production in the West. In 1912 Alberta Pacific Grain Company, Limited, was brought into being under guidance of Mr. McFarland, and consisted of an amalgamation of Alberta Grain Company and Alberta Pacific Elevator Company, Limited.

THE "A.P." organization continued to grow. In elevators followed the railway construction lines into the newly cultivated areas of Alberta and extended its operations into Saskatchewan and Manitoba.

WITH the completion of the building of the Panama Canal the "A.P." became a pioneer in the movement of grain to import markets through the Western route. Terminal elevators, having a capacity of 6,350,000 bushels have been acquired by the Company at the Port of Vancouver.

THE "A.P." system has passed through the financial stress of 1907-08; the war and its aftermath; lean periods and the business upheaval of the past three years—no period of years, many of which have been obscure and filled with business uncertainties. In all its three decades of dealings with thousands of farmers on the handling of hundreds of millions of bushels of grain, the Company has never failed in its obligation to any client. Among its customers today are pioneers of Alberta who drew the first bushel of grain they produced in the Province to an "A.P." elevator.

FAIR-DEALING with its customers, coupled with competent office and field staffs; efficient physical grain handling equipment and desire and ability to return to the grower the most that can be obtained for his grain, has brought the "A.P." system from its humble beginning in 1901 to its present position in the grain trade of Canada.

THE policies of the "A.P." today are and will continue to be, those of the founder of the "A.P." system.

J. I. McFarland
GENERAL MANAGER

LOWER FARES LABOR DAY

Between All Stations in Canada

One Way Fare and One Quarter FOR THE ROUND TRIP

Good going from Noon, Sept. 2 to Noon, Sept. 5, Return Limit Sept. 6, 1932

Ask CANADIAN PACIFIC

School Supplies

School Days are here again. Look over your requirements for the school session and come to us for your wants. We carry a most complete stock and will be pleased to cater to your needs for all supplies.

EMPRESS DRUG CO., Ltd.

We are agents for leading nurseries. Cut Flowers ordered on shortest possible notice.

For Groceries

FRESH FRUITS, ICE
CREAM, SOFT DRINKS,
AND CONFECTIONERY
CALL AT THE

Corner Grocery and
Confectionery
or PHONE 38

WHY NOT TRY-- POOL ELEVATORS?

Alberta Pool Elevators are now operated under public license and are in a position to handle any grower's grain on the open market basis.

The excellent patronage extended to these Pool Elevators during the immediate past crop year, by many growers who were never members of the Wheat Pool, is testimony to the favorable reputation enjoyed by this co-operative elevator organization.

The Alberta Pool elevators are being operated on a basis of no discrimination between customers and with the definite policy of extending fair and equitable treatment to all persons using its facilities. Why not give the Pool Elevator a trial?

Arrangements can be made to pool any proportion of a grower's wheat that he may desire. Information regarding this can be furnished by your Pool agent.

ALBERTA POOL ELEVATORS

JOB PRINTING

Visiting Cards, Business Cards
Letterheads, Statements, Envelopes, Posters, Auction Sale Posters and Commercial Printing.

Give your next order to the local printers.

THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

A Separate Grade For Garnet Wheat Is Sought By British Milling Interests

Continuation of the policy of permitting garnet wheat to be mixed with Marquis and Reward varieties, or marketing it as No. 1 and No. 2 Northern wheat will react sharply against all wheat sales from Canada, in the opinion expressed by William Smith, chief grain buyer and miller for the Scottish Co-Operative Wholesale Society.

The British miller, he stated, had found the garnet variety unsuitable for milling purposes in Britain. At a recent meeting of the milling and grain interests held in London a decision was taken which called for the special grading of garnet wheat as distinct from the other Canadian wheat varieties.

"It is to the interest of the Canadian wheat producers to see that this separate grading is undertaken," stated Mr. Smith. "The British buyer of wheat is determined that when he purchases grain on the Canadian market that the commodity supplied him will be either No. 1 or No. 2 Marquis or Reward. Any purchases of Garnet variety would only be bought on the strict understanding that it is of this variety, and at a price considerably below that paid for the other standard Canadian varieties."

Reasons given by Mr. Smith for the objection of British and Scottish millers to garnet wheat are its inferiority in protein values and also that its baking qualities lack strength and stability as compared with the Marquis and Reward varieties.

Mr. Smith was definite in his statement that he did not wish to be construed as advocating the non-growing of garnet. "This may be the best type of wheat to grow in certain districts, but for its successful marketing it must be labelled what it is and not be placed on the market as holding grade with the other Canadian varieties."

Unless there is a separate grade for garnet, British millers and grain buyers will be forced to divert their purchases to other channels, and there is no assurance to them that the wheat bought will be the required Marquis or Reward varieties.

A further factor, said Mr. Smith, which must be considered is that the continuance of a policy of not grading the garnet wheat may result in definite lowering of the price of all Canadian wheat on the British markets.

Lets Electricity Do It

Farmer-Legislators Use Modern Method To Remove Stumps

When J. W. Berry, member for the Delta in the British Columbia legislature, wants to remove stumps from his big farm near Langley, he just turns a switch and lets electricity do the work.

Approaching the stump with an electrically-driven auger, the stump expert pierces each of the large roots to a depth of about nine inches. Into the holes he pours a spoonful or so of gasoline and cylinder oil. Blasts of air are introduced into the holes through iron pipes attached to rubber hose.

The oil mixture is touched off with a match and soon the entire middle part of the stump is incandescent as the heat is being eaten away by the flames. Air is forced under electrical pressure through the iron pipes so the fire is maintained under forced draught until the whole of the stump is destroyed.

New Natural Gas Producer

A large flow of natural gas has been struck in the Kinross field, southeast of Edmonton, Alberta. The new producer is reported to have a flow of 7,000,000 cubic feet per day.

A new bathing "suit" has been designed, in which, after it has been inflated, the wearer can float for hours.

Professors "Gee" again have come out without my umbrella.—*Mucha, Warsaw.*

W. N. U. 1935

Hard Task For Doctor

Valuable Snake In London Zoo To Have Glass Eye

Fitting a snake with a glass eye is the delicate operation which faces a doctor when he works on a huge Madagascaran boa in a London zoo.

Some time ago this rare and valuable boa became blind in one eye. It was found that the eye was badly damaged and causing much pain.

The offending eye was plucked out, and the snake's normally good spirits returned.

But the boa had lost much in beauty. Therefore, a suitable glass eye has been selected, and will be fitted in.

New Pastime For Blind

Invention Enables Sightless Persons To Do Crossword Puzzles

A London doctor has made an invention whereby the blind can do crossword puzzles and acrostics. The inventor is Dr. P. W. Alexander, a former medical officer, and the inspiration came to him as he passed a laundry.

The invention is based on the Braille reading system for the blind, and is composed of a laundry-board studded with nails denoting groups of the alphabet. Numerous games can be played on this device.



LOVELY NEGLIGEE WEAR OR HOSTESS GOWN, WITH PAIR OF STAMPEL ALL OVER IT

Who doesn't adore the new negligee—long to the ankles, making one look just as slim and graceful as a reed.

Well here is a model that will do the trick for you. And imagine how simple it is to make, too. In these days of complicated cuts, this will be as simple as eating apple pie.

It is cut fairly close about the hip area, and adjusted by an attached sash. Another interesting thing about it is the shoulder yoke which offers many schemes for contrast.

Such a model is today's pattern which can be carried out in crepe novelties, etc., but is especially nice in two tones of crepe silk as the original.

Size 36 requires 4 1/2 yards 35-inch with 1 yard 38-inch contrasting. Style No. 655 is designed for sizes 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust.

Price of pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Pattern
Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union,
175 McLeod Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Address

Town

Latest Scientific Wink

Ink Spot Picture Used To Analyze Human Brain

Ink spots are the latest scientific wrinkle by which psychiatrists can examine the human brain and determine whether individuals are normal or abnormal.

Hundreds of tests made by Mrs. David Ralph Hertz, wife of Cleveland Commissioner Hertz of Ohio, have established positively that reactions of individuals to ordinary ink spots can be used by psychiatrists to analyze them.

There is nothing mysterious about the spots, even though their use seems to lead toward black magic. Every school child has dropped a dab of ink on a piece of paper, folded it and then guessed what it looked like.

And that procedure is exactly the one Mrs. Hertz follows. She is working in conjunction with Samuel Beck of Boston. Beck is making charts of the reactions of abnormal people and Mrs. Hertz charts of normal humans.

"Of course, the test is only begun," she said. "Hundreds of more examples will have to be taken. But this test of mine has proved the process is practical."

Mrs. Hertz first tested 300 children in a junior high school. Using 10 ink spots, she allowed each subject to look at each spot for two minutes, jotting down verbatim everything said.

Then she compared the answers with hundreds of others got from groups of psychoneurotics, maladjusted girls and feeble-minded. By finding the normal for each special type, Mrs. Hertz can work backward and quickly classify an unknown case.

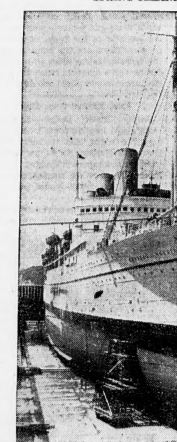
Normal people seemed to see animal and insect life in the spots. Psychoneurotics were sensitive to color in some spots and most of them saw parts of the human body in the spots. The feeble-minded visioned far-fetched lifeless scenes. With a natural inclination to social trends, the maladjusted girls made their first remarks about the white spots the first by the ink as it spread. That's called perversion.

Well Known "Mrs. Grundy"

Famous Character Came Into Existence in English Play

"That famous character 'Mrs. Grundy,' came into existence in a play called 'Speed the Plough,' written by Thomas Morton and produced some hundred and thirty years ago. In this play one of the characters has a habit of dragging her neighbour, Mrs. Grundy, into everything she says. At last her husband bursts out: 'It is always 'What will Mrs. Grundy say?' What will Mrs. Grundy think?' Actually, Mrs. Grundy never once appears on the stage! But the constant reference to her opinions appealed to the public fancy and she still survives as a stickler for the proprieties."

SPRING-CLEANING AN EMPRESS



Under special arrangement with the Dominion Government the Canadian Pacific Express Lines will, in future, have their annual summer overhaul in the great drydock at Victoria, British Columbia, at Hong Kong, as in the past. Our picture shows the R.M.S. Empress of Russia in drydock, the first of the Canadian Pacific Fleet to be spring-cleaned in Canada. The "Empress of Russia" is 570 feet long, with a beam of 68 feet, but she looked small in the magnificent Victoria drydock which is 1,150 feet long with a minimum width of 124 feet. The drydock has a capacity of 42,000,000 gallons yet can be pumped dry in four hours.

The Victoria dock is exceeded in size only by the Commonwealth Dock of Boston, which is 29 feet longer. The new Southampton dock is 1,300 feet long but over all is not as large as that at Victoria.

The Dominion Government, in order to bring the work to Canada, granted special concessions which will result in the expenditure of some \$150,000 on labour plus the cost of material.

PROUD OF GAVEL



Mr. Stewart Young, of the Town Planning Branch of the Saskatchewan Department of Municipal Affairs, proudly displaying a gavel sent to him as Secretary of the Saskatchewan Land Surveyors Association by J. Lonsdale Dore of Winnipeg. The gavel is made from oak grown on one of the pioneer homes of the Inkster family at Kildonan, Manitoba.

Red Clover Seed

High Grade Seed Brings Three Cents Per Pound More Than Ordinary

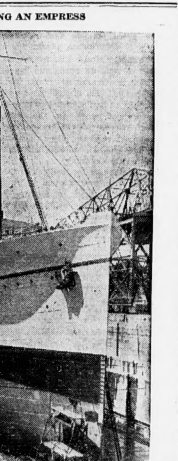
According to a news report going the rounds of the press, farmers of the Stittville (Ontario) district, recently sold a shipment of 33,000 pounds of red clover seed which was graded and sealed as Certified No. 1. This seed brought 3 cents per pound more than dealers were offering for ordinary No. 1, proving once more that it pays to grow the best. Watch the Stittville men when the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference takes place at Regina next year. At this great all-Canadian, open to the world show, there are four classes for clover seed with \$5,000 in 110 cash prizes. There are three firsts each of \$300.

Tests Were Successful

A successful secret test of a new torped-like rocket was conducted at Dunsmuir Lake, near Osnabruck, Germany. The rocket, invented by the Hanover engineer, Reinhold Tilling, is about eight feet long and equipped with wings about 10 feet wide. The rocket shot into the air and the wings unfolded at an altitude of more than 3,000 feet, permitting the rocket to glide to earth.

Creamery Butter Production

The quantity of creamery butter produced in Canada in 1931 is the largest ever recorded by the dairying industry of Canada. It amounted to 225,000,000 pounds, an increase of about 40,000,000 pounds over the previous year. There are 2,694 dairy factories in operation in Canada.



Likely Fills Her Column

The editor of the Times-Democrat, Flemingsburg, Kentucky, who by the way is a woman, apparently is acquainted with the failings of human nature. At the head of the "Personal" column each week appears the following notice—"If you have great respect for a sensible, industrious poor man—J. P. Greene."

Ancient Salvage

A project is on foot to recover the treasure of a British "Orient," one of the French ships that were sunk by Nelson in Abukir Bay, during the famous Battle of the Nile on August 1, 1798. It is estimated that the ship carried 500,000 worth of gold on board, part of the money seized by the French in Malta on their way to Egypt.

Additional Sites Recommended For Marking By Historic Sites and Monuments Board

Archaeologists May Be Making Great Discovery

Believe Manger No Long Venerated Is Not True One

Excavations started after an accidental discovery are expected to reveal the manger in which Christ was born.

A rock-beween cradle at the Church of the Nativity at Bethlehem has been shown for centuries as the manger, but the new excavations seem to show that tradition has been mistaken.

Through it is agreed that the Church of the Nativity, the oldest Christian building in the world, stands on the site of the inn where Mary and Joseph sought shelter, not all authorities believe the manger now venerated to be the actual one.

The Church of the Nativity actually is a series of monasteries and churches of three sects—Greeks, Latins and Armenians—under one roof. Below the transept, reached by a circular staircase, is the Grotto, or Chapel of St. Mary.

The pavement in the underground Church of Nativity was broken. After discussions between the three sects it was arranged that the same work of replacement of the government should replace the flagstones.

When the workmen removed the old flagstones and started digging, they were surprised to find the remains of some former building.

The antiquities department in Jerusalem were called in, and walls, pillars, doors and stairs were revealed. The excavations are now continuing at three places.

It is thought by some experts that the remains found are part of the original church erected by Constantine the Great, the first Christian emperor, in the year 330. These parts, apparently, were covered by a Muslim, who made alterations two centuries later.

A new pavement has been found and a subterranean vaulted roof.

Through this massive roof is being sunk a shaft into what may be the actual manger, the stable portion of the inn where Mary and Joseph sought shelter after they had been refused admission to the inn "because there was no room for them."

The archaeologists now working at Bethlehem are not prepared to make any statement until all the excavations have been uncovered and exhaustively studied. Experts fear to make a statement, however, believe them to be on the eve of the greatest discovery ever made by archaeology.

Keeping Up With Others

Idea Is All Right In Matter Of Progress

In one sense we must keep up with others. Their success inspires us. A student should not let another student outdo him. And the progressive ideas of other people often lead us to better ways of doing business, and to better methods of living. Keep up with good sensible people!

But many prosperous people are a bad example. They spend too much money on fine houses, and expensive dress and jewelry and automobiles. You may have enough to keep up with them, but I advise you to pay no attention to their example. Have simple habits. Live in your own way, according to your own taste, and well within your means. Remember, not all "high-flyers" are able to fly so high! "Up like a rocket, down like a stick!"

It is pitiful to see some poor people trying to keep up with foolish rich people! Everybody knows they are poor, and living beyond their means. They thus lose their character and the respect of sensible people. Poverty is not a crime. No sensible rich man looks down on his poor neighbor—on the other hand, he has great respect for a sensible, industrious poor man.—J. P. Greene.

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The development of interest in historic sites and landmarks throughout Canada has increased greatly during the past few years, mainly as a result of the excellent work being carried on by the Department of the Interior on the recommendation of the Historic Sites and Monuments Board of Canada. The board, which recently concluded its annual meeting in Ottawa, was formed in 1919 with the sanction of the Minister of the Interior, to advise the department on the preservation of such monuments and sites as were considered of pre-eminent national interest. The chief objects in view were the education of the nation in the history of the country, the stimulation of patriotism, the commemoration of the deeds of those who bore a significant part in the country's history, and in addition the preservation of national property of sites having outstanding historical interest.

The first meeting was held in October, 1919, and the names "Historic Sites and Monuments Board of Canada" adopted. The board, which is composed of eminent historians chosen with a view to having representation from all parts of Canada, is honorary in character. The recommendations of the Board are carried out by the National Parks Branch, Department of the Interior, Ottawa. Up to the present time 100 sites have been marked with a standard bronze tablet approved by the Board.

Among the sites recommended for marking at the recent meeting of the Board are those of the first furnace in Upper Canada, at Lyndhurst, Leeds County, Ontario; the first submarine telegraph in North America between Prince Edward Island and New Brunswick; and the first trading post of New France, at the north end of Lake Winnipeg, in Manitoba. The inauguration of the first stage route between Quebec and Montreal, and the signing of the Indian treaties made near Orlin, Ontario, are also to be commemorated.

The first iron furnace in Ontario was constructed at Furnace Falls, township of Lanarkshire, County of Leeds, by Wallis Sutherland in 1801, and was operated until 1812. The first submarine telegraph cable in North America was laid in November, 1852, by the north end of Lake Simcoe, will be commemorated with a suitable marker at Orlin, Ontario. The importance of Norway House in the early history of Canada will be perpetuated with a marker reviewing the chain of events connected with the famous fur-trading post in Manitoba.

Believes Sun Spots Control Lake Level

Professor Finds Error in Lake Level

Sun-spots control the level of Lake Erie, according to Prof. J. N. Nassau, observatory director of Cleveland, after a detailed study in co-operation with William Kook, graduate student.

Lagging two years behind, the water level in the lake rises and falls with the 11 1/2 year cycle of minimum to maximum to minimum intensity in the spots on the sun, Dr. Nassau's experiments showed.

The unusually high level of the lake in 1930 was due directly to the fact that the sun spots reached a maximum degree of intensity during 1928. They thus have their level has been predicted annually and according to Prof. Nassau's observations, will continue to do so for at least two more years.

Wife: "I took great pains with that cucumber salad I made."

Hubby: "No, did I?"



Client: "Your defences are much better than they used to be."

Barriester: "Yes, I only the art of defence after I was married."

Laustige Kolner Zeitung, Cologne.

To Check Criminology

Scientific Treatment of Delinquency and Crime Inaugurated in England

A significant and encouraging movement has recently been launched in England in an effort to combat crime at its source. This movement is under the auspices of the Association for the Scientific Treatment of Delinquency and Crime, and has for its ultimate aim the founding of a National Institute for the prevention of crime.

There can be no question that the treatment of first offenders and of young criminally-disposed persons has much to do with the creation of the crop of criminals and the formation of habits and crime. To overcome the criminal tendencies of hardened criminals is admittedly a most difficult job, but this effort in England would appear to have in it the elements of success in that it strives to rescue the young person who is about to start out on a criminal career. Too much in the past it has been true that young people guilty of lapses against the welfare of society have been sent to prison when they might have been otherwise dealt with in a more lenient way. Acquired confirmation and hardening of their tendencies until they emerged as men and women with their hands against society and with society's hands against them. In this effort, to which we have alluded it is intended that there shall be clearing stations, at which first offenders would undergo physical and psychological examination and then be given treatment in clinics or re-education centers, without loss of freedom or stain upon reputation. In this way it would seem likely that many will be saved from a life of crime to useful citizenship.

Along such lines it would appear that there would be genuine likelihood of preventing the drain upon society's resources involved in the imprisonment of criminals, at least a certain proportion of whom would be re-educated in good living. The experiment deserves all encouragement and is backed in England by great names of scientists and public men.

This experiment overseas should be observed by our Canadian authorities who have power to deal with the prevention of crime.—Regina Leader-Post.

Monkeys Are Neither Bipedes Or Quadrupeds

Four-Handed Like Bridge Game Says London Customs Board

How many feet has a monkey? The question arose when a shipment of six of the chattering primates arrived at Folkestone from the continent. British tariff law admits quadrupeds without duty; other animals are taxed.

"Monkeys have four feet," the London firm whisper the animals were consigned argued.

"No," ruled customs agents, "they have two feet and two hands. They were taxed as bipeds."

Protesting against H. M. Customs agents' decision in a logical line of edge, the consignees appealed to the board of customs in London.

This page board confounded them all.

"None!" Monkeys, they affirmed, are quadrumanus (four-handed, like a bridge game).

So the poor monkeys haven't a foot to stand on, and neither has the apeskin.

Wood-Pulp Production

Over three-quarters of the wood pulp produced in Canada in 1930 was manufactured and used in mills which use their own pulp for the production of paper. About twenty-one per cent of the total quantity of pulp produced was made for export.

One thing that always has puzzled us is why these trick remedies that "cure" dandruff, etc., with "a single application," come in such large bottles.

In Oregon a loser in a gambling game can use the winner and recover double the amount he lost.

"Come down, boys, I am ashamed of you."

"I needn't be. We shall reach the top all right!"—Flegende Blätter, Munich.

Manitoba had 165,000 sheep at the end of last year, Saskatchewan 168,000, and Alberta, Alberta, Alberta 168,000.

"I have only ten minutes and I hardly know where to begin," said the speaker.

"Begin at the sixth minute," shouted a bored man in the back of the audience.

Young lady wants to know why a young man who is attentive to a girl is called her suitor. He is called her suitor because he may or may not.

"This is just the kind of sky we want to observe the eclipses satisfactorily." Sir Frank Dyson, Astronomer-Royal, and other British astronomers and scientists, told reporters when they arrived at Quebec on the liner "Montcalm." They have come to Canada to observe the total eclipse of the sun at various points in Quebec and New England, and are divided into four separate parties, going to Magog and Parent, Quebec Province; and Berlin, New Hampshire, and Matlock, Maine. The celebrated astronomers are seen pointing to Quebec's sky.

The group includes Sir Frank Dyson, leader of the Royal Astronomical Society's Expedition (pointing); J. F. Cameron, Solar Physics Observatory, Cambridge; Prof. J. F. M. Stratton and Prof. H. Dingle, of the Imperial College of Science and Technology.

Branded Beef

Sales of Well-Finished Beef Have Been Greatly Boosted

The current issue of the Livestock and Meat Trade Review, prepared by the markets intelligence service of the Dominion Livestock Branch at Ottawa, supplies some striking figures with respect to the extent to which sales of well-finished beef have been boosted through branding as provided under the federal beef grading service.

For the first four months of 1931, sales of branded beef are reported as totalling 5,032,396 pounds, while for the first four months of 1932 the total is 7,047,396 pounds—an increase of 2,014,999 pounds, or 40 per cent. Another way of presenting the same figures is to transcribe this increase into terms of head of beef cattle, which, allowing an average dressed weight of 600 pounds each, amounts to 3,352 head.

It is also of interest to note from this report that the volume of beef branded in Quebec packing-houses, chiefly in Montreal (1,430,017 pounds), is nearly two-and-a-half times the amount branded during the first four months of 1931. This figure, however, does not begin to represent the actual volume of branded beef in the province. The Montreal figure is a great deal of the total supply as dressed at Toronto and Montreal stockyards. One estimate of the beef grading service claims that about 30 per cent. of the beef being branded finds a market outlet in Montreal. This places the Montreal figure at upwards of 2,100,000 pounds.

The increase in volume in Canada in which beef is branded shows an increase in volume over last year, the largest increase in grading, outside of the province of Ontario, which shows a gain of around 300,000 pounds during the first four months of the current year.

Movie Wind Machine Combats Brush Fires

Is Capable Of Putting Out Small Blaze Quickly

Blowing out a brush fire as easily as a person might puff out a candle, a powerful wind machine, developed for a Hollywood motion-picture studio, has been used successfully in combating forest fires by the Los Angeles county forestry department.

Tests proved that the machine is capable of putting out any small blaze quickly, best results being obtained when dirt and sand were shovelled into the electric fan from the propeller, thus smothering the flames.

The wind machine may be particularly valuable where no water is available, and if mounted on a tractor, could be taken into heavily overgrown territory, says Popular Mechanics Magazine.

The machine is also proposed to direct the blast of air through a funnel-like nozzle and, with the compressed air, blow out by the roots brush and dry grass to cut fire breaks.

Recipe For Keeping Young

He Keenly Interested In Everything Says Henry Ford

Henry Ford at 68 believes that if he continues to "keep interested in everything," old age will not bother him.

Celebrating his 68th birthday a few weeks ago, he said he believed that people whose interests are up to date will get along in the world, without growing old.

"We like to have people think we get better as we get older," said Mr. Ford, "and I believe people of these times have more varied interests to keep them young."

The motor manufacturer expressed the belief that business conditions will gradually improve as people do more for themselves and cease looking to the Government or some Santa Claus for aid."

Winds Get Their Turn

Recently the last river mail boat on the Mississippi closed fifty years of continuous service between Memphis and Mayfield, Tenn. The same day a post-office bulletin called attention to the fact that 12,000 pounds

—552,000 pounds—of mail had been sent via air during the first year of air mail at Memphis. The waters receive well-deserved rest, but the winds are just beginning to work.

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Magicians Of The Past

Showmen's Illusions That Mystified Crowds Of A Former Generation

Many of the most renowned magicians, who entertained crowded theatres in the last century and the earlier years of the present one, were inventors of no mean ability. Keller, Hermann the Great and, later, Thorton made the machinery which they employed in the most puzzling of their illusions. Thorton spent years in perfecting the "Leviathan Lady," in which a young woman appeared to be suspended in the air.

The trick of the speaking head, in which the head of a girl, severed from the body and floating in space, continued to carry on conversation, took years to bring to complete success, yet it also was of simple construction. Magicians are a clanish lot, and they keep as sacred trusts their own secrets and those of members of their guild. That these secrets become known to the world is not because they are entrusted to the Patent Office, but because some one eventually proves as smart as the inventor.

One of the striking features of a travelling show in the '60s was the "Talking Automaton," a wax figure in a glass case that answered questions and solved mysteries. It was the show's most successful attraction, and brought down the wrath of a competing combination which referred to it as a "ventriloquist's fake." If the contriver of the trick really had discovered, as he claimed, the "secret of artificial speech" he might have shared honors with Edison. What he did was to conceal a dwarf between the two layers of the floor of the case and make him the mouthpiece of the trick.

One of the illusions of another magician of the age was to raise a flaming wheel and cause the ceiling of a theatre to blaze with "luminous stars of the firmament." He was chemist enough to know the value of phosphorus as a showman's helper. Magic has lost much of its vigor as an entertainment; science does on a grand scale what the magicians did on an exhibition of mystery. Compare the talking automaton with the phonograph or the radio; compare the disappearing act with a phonograph-spoken spot with touching a key flashing hundreds of thousands of lights into being a hundred miles away. The magic of magic days that he belongs only to his time, and that is of short duration.—New York Sun.

Grain Storage Facilities

Saskatchewan has 3,229 country elevators with a total capacity of 103,162,850 bushels, and two interior grain storage elevators which will hold 11,000,000 bushels. Private elevators in the province hold 4,500,000 bushels.

A youngster in school was asked: "Where are elephants found?" "Elephants are so large that they never get lost," was his answer.

And that could apply to the advertising business without stretching one's imagination too much.

"We've been waiting a long time for my mother."

"Thank you, I should say." She (rapturously): "Oh, George!"

"Now, before I examine you, I want to know you dry."

"Patient: 'Thank you, doctor. A small whisky and soda for me.'

Conductor—"Can't you see the sign, 'No smoking'?"

Sailor—"Sure, mate, that's plain enough. But they're so many dippy signs here. One says, 'Wear Neat Corsets.' So I ain't payin' attention to any of them."

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Italian Heir Likely To Receive Fortune

Case Has Been In Courts For Sixty-Five Years

To inherit a million in money left by an ancestor 332 years ago does not fall to the lot of every man.

But this is the happy end of a case which the courts of Italy have been trying since 1847 and it seems that a certain Giovanni Trombetta, postal clerk at Milan post office, gets the lion's share of the fortune after living 45 years in a very modest way.

In the year 1600 Baron Antonio Trombetta, who had vast funds at Montebello Junior, in Calabria, left them all to trust to neighboring Caputo monks, founded an abbey for them and gave them his farm buildings too. It seems that the baron had quarrelled with his family, which consisted of a mother who had married and her two sons by her second husband.

When, in 1846, the monasteries were to a great extent secularized, the baron's fortune, which had increased a hundredfold, was not claimed by his kin, and the Italian government, according to law, took possession of it.

The descendants of the baron's half brother, who had grown poor, and come down to the humblest classes of society, appeared and made their claims. Of these there were 70 persons, but the courts weeded them out to 40 and now the chief heir is Giovanni Trombetta.

The money will soon be handed over to him, but the state kept a considerable portion of the whole estate which was being carefully nursed by the Abbots at Montebello Junior for the benefit of a poor postal employee.

Educated In Many Places

Daughter Of U.S. Consul Has Done Much Travelling

Mary Marsh, daughter of the United States consul at Sydney, Nova Scotia, should be internationally mentioned. She has taken her travelling between terms at school, but not in the stereotyped manner of students on cut-and-dried world cruises.

She was born at Manila, Philippines Islands; attended grammar school at Ottawa, high school in the United States and privately tutored in Mexico, attended a ladies' institute in Montevideo, Uruguay, and graduated from high school in Sydney, Australia.

She then entered Dalhousie University, for two and one-half years of uninterrupted attendance. But she will graduate from the University of Birmingham, Germany. Her father, O. Gaylord Marsh, has been appointed to the consular post at that historic city.

A novel clock in a South American city is in the form of a searchlight. The clock, in revolving, falls on a different landmark every hour.

Nearly two-thirds of the artificial flowers exported into the United States last year came from Germany.

Only about one American male out of every 200 attains a height of six feet.

Paint exposed to the weather ordinarily lasts about five years.

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All-Canadian Highway

Completion Is Expected In About Two Years' Time

Preaching the gospel of the vital need of good roads, everywhere in Canada, Samuel L. Squire of Toronto, chairman of the Canadian Good Roads Association's executive committee, visited Edmonton recently returning from the Pacific coast.

"In two years' time the Canadians will be able to travel across the Dominion on an all-Canadian Highway with the exception of a short break for the lake journey, from Fort William to the Soo," Mr. Squire said. "It has been a tremendous task, cutting through and preparing the highway in northern Ontario, particularly from Kenora on to Fort William. But progress is being made."

WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

The Rotherby dock, one of the largest on the Clyde, has been temporarily closed on account of decline of shipbuilding.

Dividend on the common stock of Canadian Pacific Railway for the first six months of 1932 is not being paid at present.

The Church of Scotland plans to build 30 churches in Scotland in the next seven years, 10 of which will be in Edinburgh and five in Glasgow.

Representatives accompanying the Japanese Olympic team plan to buy the cabin of each athlete from that country who wins an Olympic title.

Newton, Mass., one of Boston's wealthiest suburbs, has nearly two automobiles for every family. There are 14,000 families and 23,000 automobiles.

Florence Ziegfeld, New York theatrical producer, who died recently in California, bequeathed his estate to Billie Burke, his widow, and Patricia, their daughter.

An air-taxi was chartered from Imperial Airways by the London woman for a return flight to Chelmsford, Essex, where she placed a wreath on a grave in the churchyard.

Art and agriculture are the only creative professions in the world, says John Erskine, novelist and philosopher. I mean all craftsmen who are creators," he said, "and by agriculturists I mean all those who produce and create wealth from the soil."

San Francisco's new \$60,000 opera house, the first and only municipally owned opera house in the United States, will be formally dedicated next month as a war memorial. It will open Oct. 15, with performance of Puccini's "Tosca."

Indicative, it is said, of an improved lumber outlook, is the protest filed with the British Columbia government by mill men against export of logs. Loggers, however, contend that they are in a position to satisfy all demands of the mill men as well as taking care of any export trade being offered.

Britain's Unemployed

Seven and a Half Million People Depending On Government Aid

A wandering army of unemployed youths, vaguely reminiscent of the United States bonus army, is making its appearance in Great Britain as a result of increases in the number of jobs announced as 2,811,792.

Unemployment has become approximately one-fourth of the total 45,000,000 population dependent to some extent on government aid, for fully 7,500,000 men, women and children are existing wholly or partly on government or local relief in addition to the official total of jobs.

As a result of the latest official figures, an increase of 64,438 in the month of July, and of 96,432 in the last year, the nation's relief machinery is scarcely able to cope with the situation.

Limit To Cattle Exports

Less Than 25,000 Head May Be Shipped To England Next Year

Less than 25,000 head of cattle would be shipped to the United Kingdom next year from Canada, even if the restriction now imposed against Canadian cattle landing in Britain were lifted. This estimate was made in an interview recently by Hon. Robert Weir, Canadian Minister of Agriculture.

Reports which have gone out that the lifting of the restrictions would result in Canada shipping from 100,000 to 400,000 head annually to Britain are regretted by Mr. Weir. These reports would tend to injure the Canadian farmer with which his home market would be flooded by Canadian cattle, while no such danger really exists.

A material that does not stop the ultra-violet rays from the sun, resembling glass, and not as fragile, has been made from natural gas.

Barber: "Your hair is getting thin on top." Have you tried our new hair tonic?"

Customer: "No, it isn't that."



Safe-breaker at home: "I should have to open my own safe any other way."—Musket, Vienna.

W. N. U. 1935

Make Interesting Discovery

Canadian Scientists Gain Knowledge Of Universe Of Great Importance

New knowledge of the universe, stated to be of tremendous potential importance in the scientific world, has been gained by Prof. J. S. Foster and Dr. A. Willet Douglas, McGill scientists who returned to the university following a month's research work conducted at the Dominion Astrophysical Observatory at Victoria.

Professor Foster declined to claim full success for their achievements until he and Dr. Douglas have had time to re-study their findings. He said, however, that the results of their work would quite likely create an upsurge of opinion among European scientists.

The two McGill scientists set themselves to examine the electrical fields of stars.

They conducted observations both at Victoria and at Pasadena, Cal. Only one day was spent at the latter place.

Victorian Order Of Nurses

Miss Snellie To Visit Europe To Study Maternal Welfare

In recognition of the comprehensive programme of maternal welfare carried on by the Victorian Order of Nurses, Canada, the Rockefeller Foundation has extended to Miss Elizabeth Snellie, its chief superintendent, an invitation to visit a number of European countries within the next few months for the purpose of studying conditions of maternal welfare there.

Miss Snellie expects to sail early in September, visiting England, Denmark, Austria, Germany and Italy, and returning to Canada after the middle of December.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union

The Winnipeg Newspaper Union, which has been in existence since 1901, is now in the process of organizing a new union for the purpose of representing the interests of the newspaper workers in the city.

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WORLD'S RECORD WHEAT MOVEMENT MARKS WELLAND CANAL OPENING



Carrying 575,000 bushels of western wheat, representing the product of over 41,800 acres of prairie land and the largest single cargo ever carried in any single ship on any sea, the giant S.S. Lemoyne, of Canada Steamship Lines, 633 feet long and the biggest vessel on freshwater, opened the Welland Canal officially on August 6 in the presence of His Excellency, the Governor-General, Rt. Hon. Stanley Baldwin, and the delegates to the Imperial Conference, Premier R. B. Bennett, members of the Cabinet and thousands of spectators.

Largest Grain Carrier

Boat That Is the Pride of Canada's Inland Waterways

World's largest grain carrier, holder of all Great Lake freight records and pride of the inland waterways, the S.S. Lemoyne of the Canada Steamship Lines fleet, officially opened the new Welland Ship Canal on August 6. Officiating at the ceremony was His Excellency the Earl of Bessborough, Governor-General of Canada, and delegates from all parts of the Empire attending the Imperial Conference in Ottawa.

Designed and built by the Canada Steamship Lines at their own shipyard at Midland, Ontario, in 1926, the "Lemoyne" is considered a triumph of Canadian achievement and is the boat of Canadian shipyards. Since she first took the water she has captured all the major honors of the Upper Great Lakes freight carriers. Her records go even beyond the "Lemoyne" for she has carried single cargoes more grain and more coal than has ever been moved in any other single ship.

In 1929 the "Lemoyne" took on a cargo of 571,855 bushels of wheat, the crop of approximately 40,000 acres or more than 42 square miles of grain land. In May 1930 she established a world record for the carriage of coal, taking aboard 16,538 tons and carrying it to Fort William. It required more than 300 railroad cars to bring this cargo to the ship.

Six hundred and thirty-three feet long, with a seventy foot beam, a depth of twenty-nine feet and a registered tonnage of 10,480 tons the "Lemoyne" will be by far the largest ship ever to have entered Lake Ontario and will clear the way for the carrying of the great bulk of the wheat crop of the prairies to the ports of the east by water.

The "Lemoyne" along with other ships of her type will no longer be confined to the Upper Lakes; her eastern terminal becomes Kingston, Ontario, and her east to west cruising radius more than one thousand miles.

During the last twelve months the Welland Canal has seen a series of new records established. Last year the S.S. Noronic, upper lake passenger liner and flagship of the Canada Steamship Lines, northern fleet, established the first of the series of records when she made her first voyage into Lake Ontario and visited the ports of Toronto, Hamilton and Kingston for the first time. On that occasion over one hundred thousand people from these three cities went on board the "Noronic" and the walls of the canal were lined with thousands of people during her historic cruise. The "Noronic" at that time was the largest vessel of any type to go through the canal and remains the largest passenger steamer to have entered Lake Ontario. Her length is approximately half that of the "Lemoyne."

Following the establishing of this record by the "Noronic" the upper lake freighters of the Canada Steamship Lines set three new marks for

the canal in a little over a week. Early in July this year the freighter "Ashcroft" went through the canal with 360,000 bushels of wheat on her way to Kingston only to see her record broken within a few days by the freighter "Glencleaves" with 380,000 bushels. Both these vessels had formerly been confined to the Upper Lakes.

Less than a week after the "Glencleaves" had set her new record for grain she returned to Lake Erie and brought down to Hamilton 12,910 tons of coal, another Western ship record which will likely stand for some time. On her latter trip the "Glencleaves" also shattered all records for cargo carried into the port of Hamilton.

Today the "Glencleaves" is the largest boat ever to have entered Lake Erie. Measuring 633 feet and her capacity is approximately 380,000 bushels compared with the "Lemoyne's" 571,855 bushels.

Considered of special importance to the Empire since the Welland Canal in future will be the route used by most of Canada's grain ships, it was decided some time ago that the programme of the Imperial Conference and efforts were immediately made to have the largest Canadian lake boat go through for this ceremony. Shipboard preparations were made for welcoming the "Lemoyne" to Port Colborne on her first voyage and that in addition to delegates, government officials and representatives from other provinces large crowds of people viewed the ceremony.

Oldest Skull In World

Ancient Skull Is Found While Excavating In London

The oldest known human skull yet longed to a London woman, G. Elliot, University professor of anatomy at the University of London, stated at a meeting of the international congress of pre-historic and proto-historic sciences.

"The skull is known as the Lloyd's skull," he said, "and was found in blue clay 40 feet below the surface during excavations for the new home of Lloyd's corporation in Leadenhall Street. It belonged to a woman about 50 years old, who probably was left-handed."

After considering all the evidence and carefully studying all other known skulls of the kind, Professor Smith said, he decided the London skull represented the earliest genuine remains of homo sapiens, giving it pride of place over the Java man, the Peking man, and all other pre-historic finds.

The other attendants at the congress expressed great surprise over the announcement and left the hall immediately afterward to examine the skull and discuss the problem.

Do you keep your money in an outside or an inside pocket?" asks a male fashion writer. No.



CHEF: "De prisoner had him appendix removed, Sars."

CANNIBAL KING: "Curses! I ate an appendix."—From The Humorist, London, England.

Naval Armaments

Difficult To Distinguish Between Defensive and Offensive Weapons

Why all this bother about "offensive" and "defensive" naval weapons at Geneva? Is the submarine offensive? Are battleships, mine-layers and bombing planes defensive?

There is one simple rule by which every case can be decided: The other fellow's weapon is extremely offensive, your own is purely defensive.

Ask any schoolboy or baseball fan. The humble pop bottle is the most innocuous of objects, quite inoffensive. Only possessed persons like the umpire could possibly construe it as offensive. Again take the pen-shooter. Whoever heard of a schoolboy that used this mild little weapon for attack? As any boy knows, the uses of the pen-shooter, like the water-pistol, are solely for the warding off of attacks by others, especially those armed with pen-shooters.

So it is with submarines and the like. The great trouble regarded the Q-boat as highly offensive, whereas we all know it to have been purely defensive. During the war, some of us harbored hard thoughts about submarines. Quite unjustly, it now seems, according to the French and Japanese views. The Q-boat has become the Poor Nation's Armor. It is the cheapest naval weapon for righting off offensives, as it is for the attackers.

The sad truth is quite evident. Weapons are defensive or offensive according to the uses to which they are put. The Q-boat is a passive shield who is the offender, and who is on the defensive, then, perhaps, you may decide whose weapons are offensive. In six hours of the Geneva session seem to proceed on the principle that if a club is defensive, three clubs and a machine gun are twice as defensive. —Montreal Star.

Testing Out New Device

Invention May Prevent Flying Students From Freezing Controls

A new device to overcome the danger of flying students "freezing" the controls of aircraft in a panic has been developed by engineers of the department of national defence and is now undergoing thorough tests.

An arrangement whereby the instructor can disengage the student's controls in flight was found unsatisfactory, because once the student had overcome his momentary panic it was necessary for the aeroplane to land before his controls could be connected up again.

The new principle under test provides a jointed control stick that becomes automatically disconnected when too much pressure is applied to it, and yet resumes its usefulness when the student's grip relaxes. The instructor in the other cockpit is provided with a normal control stick and has control of the aircraft at all times. By pulling on his stick he can force the student's control out of joint.

Iceless Refrigerators

Colorado Farmers Have Inexpensive Means Of Keeping Food

Home-made iceless refrigerators are becoming increasingly popular on many Colorado farms as an inexpensive means of conserving butter, milk, vegetables and fresh fruits, according to Mary Sutherland, extension economist in home management for the Colorado Agricultural College.

The iceless refrigerators are made by stretching either rust-proof screening or burlap over an empty orange crate. A covering of cotton flannel or some similar material is placed over the crate. The lower ends of the flannel covering are allowed to be pulled down to the floor.

Capillary attraction keeps the cloth wet, and evaporation causes the refrigerator to remain at a low temperature.

"What's that you're putting in your shirt pocket?" asked Murphy.

"Dynamite," whispered Donovan.

"I'm waiting for Casey. Everytime he meets me he slaps me on the chest and breaks my pipe. Next time he does it he'll blow his hand off."

"Ah," remarked the girl. "That's why some of us make better matches than others."

Korea is the only country in the world where the marriage certificate is equally divided, one-half being given to the wife and the other to the husband.

Bookkeepers in the Irish Free State are demanding the removal of the new book tax.

The King of England has conferred the Royal Victorian Chain upon the Duke of Portland.

She: "They say that a sailor has a sweetheart in every port."

He: "Yes, but this isn't port."—Buen Humor, Madrid.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size.

Name

Address

City

State

Country

Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada

Published in the interests
of Empire and District
\$2.50 to the United States
Subscription price \$2.00 per
year to any part of Canada
or Great Britain.

G. S. Sexton A. Hanks
Proprietors

Thursday, Sept. 1st, 1932

School recommenced on Mon-
day.

Next Monday, September 5,
is Labor day, and a public hol-
iday.

Henrietta and Kathleen Turn-
er made a trip to Medicine Hat,
on Friday, to re-write examina-
tion subjects.

Rev. J. P. Horne was a visitor
in Alaska last week.

Miss M. Lyon, of Portage la
Prairie, is visiting with her
aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. C.
R. Moore.

The wet weather of the past
week or so has disrupted har-
vesting operations during this
period.

Miss M. Arthur and Miss B.
Maxwell, returned from Cal-
gary last week end to resume
their teaching duties here.

Mrs. F. Pawlik, Roman, John
and Helen and Bert Democret,
left for Medicine Hat, on Tues-
day. The latter three re-wrote
subjects in which they failed to
make a pass in the recent de-
partmental examinations.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Stoney and
children, returned on Friday
from their holiday vacation.
Mr. Stoney having joined them
the previous Monday, in Wind-
peg.

Mrs. R. L. Arthur, and daugh-
ters, Helen and Ruth, it is
understood, are making their
home in Calgary. Helen Ar-
thur, it is said, made a pass in
her Grade XI departmental
examinations.

Undoubtedly the Economic
Conference recently concluded
at Ottawa is already having
good effects, chiefly owing to
the fact that the delegates of
the various units of the Em-
pire were able to come to agree-
ment among themselves. Irre-
spective of the material gains
which may or may not accrue
to the peoples of any particu-
lar unit from the trading poli-
cies formulated, the fact of
agreement alone marked achieve-
ment. The moral effect on the
outside countries lately watch-
ing the outcome is large. The
interdependence of the coun-
tries of the world is freely re-
cognised today and any project
or plan brought into being by
one or more nations to stimu-
late or alleviate depressed dom-
estic conditions certainly among
all nations is sure to inspire
others to greater efforts seeking
for relief of their economic ills.

Dr. A. K. McNeill
(Dr. D. N. MacCharles)

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Surgeon
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DR. DOWLER
Thursdays and Fridays
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Offices: Royal Bank Building
(Opposite Hotel)
AT LEADER:
Saturdays, Mondays and Tuesdays
Private on Wednesdays

DOMINION CAFE
FIRST-CLASS MEALS
Good Rooms
Always a Full Stock Carried
Candies, Cigars, Cigarettes
ICE CREAM & SUNDAES
Dance and after theatre lunches
A Place of City Style.



Health Service

OF THE
Canadian Medical Association

GRANT FLEMING, M.D., - ASSOCIATE SECRETARY

Health and School

The child who is starting school
for the first time faces what
is a difficult period for many
children. Unless he has been
guided properly during his pre-
school years the change from
the home to the school is not
an easy change for him to
make.

The child should be told what
school is. He must be happy in
school and get real pleasure
out of his school work if he is
to do well in school. The child
will be eager to go to school if
he finds that it is a place which
helps him to do the things
which children want to do.

A great deal is written about
health habits and yet it seems
that comparatively few parents
realize just how much the good
health of their children depends
upon the establishment of good
health habits as part of the
child's daily routine. It requires
patience to accomplish this and
it is to be remembered that
scoldings defeat the purpose;
the child needs encouragement.

The health habits of a school
child should include personal
cleanliness. A warm bath twice
a week, underclothes and stock-
ings frequently changed, teeth
brushed at least twice a day—
after breakfast and before go-
ing to bed—hands washed regu-
larly every meal. Plenty of
sleep, so that the child is properly
rested, can be secured only
through a regular bed-time
which allows the required hours
for sleep before it is time to get
up and prepare for school.

Play is necessary for the child,
and every child's life should be
so organized that he will get
plenty of outdoor exercise and
play every day.

Meals should be served at
regular hours. After washing
his hands, the child comes to
the table. The child requires a
variety of food, and because he
is growing, he needs a good deal
of energy and body-
building foods. The selection of
proper foods is the duty of the
mother. The attitude of the
parents towards food will have
a marked influence on the child-
ren. If the father will not eat

Castle Coombe

Public worship will be con-
ducted at:

Wainfleet, 11 a.m.

Mayfield, 2 p.m.

These times will be permanent
during the rest of the
summer.

Mr. Brooks,
United Church Student.

FOUND NOTICE

Impounded on N.W. 13-24-29 W3, on
24th day of August, 1932:
One Brown gelding, strip in face,
branded P left jaw - left hind
Dated the 24th day of August, 1932.
J. C. HUGHES, Poundkeeper.

Safe and Redemption of Impounded Animals

Notice is hereby given under Section
10 of The Domestic Animals Act (Ontario
statute) that one two-year old Bay Stallion,
white face, white left hind leg, no visible
brand, was impounded in the pound
kept by William Gibson, Assin Valley,
Alta., located on S.W. 1, R. 25, T. 2, S. 4,
on Monday, the 8th day of August, A.D.
1932, and that the said animal was
sold on the 22nd day of August, 1932, to
A. C. Heiler of Assin Valley, Alta., and
that the said animal may be
redeemed by the owner or on his
behalf within a period of thirty days
from the publication of this notice
in the Alberta Gazette, upon the payment
of all fees and costs due to the Municipality
and the purchaser of said animal.
For information apply to the under-
signed.

D. M. GIBSON,
Not. Trans. of the Municipality of
Assin Valley No. 241,
Post Office, Assin Valley, Alta.

this or that he need not expect
the children to do so. They will
follow his habits—not his advice
or his orders.

The healthy school child is
naturally active and will not
need to be urged to play. He
will need some supervision, so
that he does not overdo the
play and forget that there is a
regular bedtime. It is im-
portant that children get up early
enough to have time to wash,
and to eat and enjoy their
breakfast. Breakfast should be
given just as much attention as
any other meal. A regular
bowel movement daily is an
essential health habit. The child's
activities must not be allowed
to interfere with toilet habits,
which depend more upon regu-
larity than upon anything else.

The Alberta Pacific Grain Co.

The Alberta Pacific elevator
in this district is part of a sys-
tem of 375 country elevators,
coal sheds and farm warehouses
located in principal grain pro-
ducing areas throughout Saskate-
lewan and Manitoba, and operat-
ed by The Alberta Pacific Grain
Company, Limited. "Farminal"
elevators of the Company at
Vancouver have a capacity of
more than 6,000,000 bushels.
In addition, the "A. P." has termi-
nal elevator connections at the
head of the Great Lakes, and
office forces in Calgary, Wind-

peg and Vancouver.

The Alberta Pacific and pre-
decessor companies commenced
business in 1901 in territory now
part of the province of Alberta.
Wheat growing in that area
was then in the infancy.
What was to develop into the
"A. P." system was brought into
being by John I. McFarland,
then a young man yet to earn
his reputation in the grain
trade. His reputation for fair
dealing with all farmers and
customers who came in contact
with him, earned for him an
enviable reputation, which he
carried throughout his progress
and successes in the trade. This
company's soon expanded to all
the principal grain-growing
areas of Alberta, into Saskate-
lewan and Manitoba.

With the commencement of
movement of grain through
the Port of Vancouver upon the
completion of the Panama Can-
al, the A. P. in 1924 became a
pioneer in the development of
the of the western movement
of grain.

At its inception the "A. P."
movement secured the great
asset of a grain company was
personal contact to the greatest
possible degree with its custom-
ers. The door of the general
manager, John McFarland, was
always open to any farmer to

pass the time of day or to assist
in the settlement of any diffi-
culty being experienced in con-
nection with the handling or
marketing of grain.

When financial control of the
Alberta Pacific changed hands
in 1929, John McFarland retir-
ed from active participation in
the grain trade. Mr. McFarland
devoted his time to his private
interests until in 1930 he was
called upon by the Government
of Canada to take charge of the
liquidation of the wheat stocks
held by the pools.

In 1930, James R. Murray,
who had built himself an envi-
able reputation as an executive
of United Grain Growers Lim-

ited, was called upon to take
over the general management
of the "A. P." following the
retirement of the Stewart
interests from the control of the
company. Mr. Murray came to
the Company well-known to
the agricultural population of
the West and with a record in
the achievement in the exten-
sion and development of the
U. G. G. throughout Alberta and
Saskatchewan.

The policy of fair-dealing and
direct contact with thousands
of customers, so well estab-
lished by the founder of the "A. P."
system, is that of the present
management headed by Mr.
Murray.

Special, While They Last

CASH PRICES ON

Massey-Harris Wagons, Grain Tanks

	Last Price	SPECIAL PRICE
3 1/2 x 3 Wagon, complete...	185.00	\$120.60
Service Wagon Box	44.50	29.25
New Pattern Wagon Box	52.50	32.85
Superior Tank, 125 bush.	91.25	45.90
Service Tank, 125 bushels	60.50	39.50

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AGENT, BRITISH AMERICAN OIL CO.

THE— Empress Meat Market

Swift's Premium Bologna
By the piece, per pound 15c
Sliced, 2 pounds..... 35c
Burns' Shmk. Brand Cooked
Ham
Sliced, by the pound.... 35c
Swift's Premium Sliced Bacon
Shall pound packages... 15c
Two packages..... 25c
Patronize Your Local Butcher

HARVEST SPECIALS

Ontario WHITE BEANS \$1.00
The finest cooker obtainable. 25lbs.

JAPAN RICE, large un-
broken kernels, 15 lbs. \$1.00

Pearl White NAPIHA
SOAP - 24 bars \$1.00

CHATEAU CHEESE 15c.
1-2 lb. packages

SHREDDED WHEAT 25c.
2 packages

W. R. BRODIE

DON. MacRAE

Men's Overalls, sizes 42 and 44 \$1.25
Men's Blue and Khaki Combs. 2.00
Evap. Peaches, 2lbs. for - 35c.
Evap. Apricots, 2lbs. for - 35c.
Prunes, 3lbs. for - 25c.
Clark's Pork & Beans, 5 tins - 45c.

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We have On Hand a Large Stock of I.H.C. Repairs,
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ALSO

8 CASE COMBINES, 16 ft., rebuilt to clear at \$1200.00.
3 Allis Chalmers Rumely, 16 ft. COMBINES at a snap.
2 HEAVY WAGONS. 3 1/2 Bushel Grain Tanks.
6 USED TRACTORS. 2 WOOD WHEEL FARM TRUCKS.
1 I.H.C. GRAIN TANK, 125 bushels.

and a number of Binders and Headers at real snags.

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Here is one of the best lines manufactured.
Strongly made throughout, well sewn, riveted
pockets, cowboy style. A real Special. 1.25 pr.

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